

## **Perennials Requiring Shade or Part Shade**

*These perennials work well in dried bouquets. Dried perennials can be combined with Wildflowers, ornamental grasses or shrubs with interesting branching habits to make attractive autumn arrangements.*

<i>Aegopodium (Snow-on-the-Mountain)</i>	<i>Iris (Bearded/Siberian)</i>
<i>Ajuga (Bugleweed)</i>	<i>Lamium (Silver Nettle)</i>
<i>Aquilegia (Columbine)</i>	<i>Liriope (Lily-Turf)</i>
<i>Astilbe (Garden Spirea)</i>	<i>Lobelia (Cardinal Flower)</i>
<i>Bergenia</i>	<i>Mahonia (Oregon Grape Holly)</i>
<i>Campanula (Bellflower)</i>	<i>Monarda (Beebalm)</i>
<i>Convallaria (Lily-of-the-Valley)</i>	<i>Myosotis (Forget-Me-Nots)</i>
<i>Dicentra (Bleeding Heart)</i>	<i>Pachysandra</i>
<i>Doronicum (Leopard's Bane)</i>	<i>Parthenocissus (Virginia Creeper)</i>
<i>Euonymus (Wintercreeper)</i>	<i>Polemonium (Jacob's Ladder)</i>
<i>Fern</i>	<i>Primula (Primrose)</i>
<i>Fragaria (Wild Strawberry)</i>	<i>Ranunculus (Creeping Buttercup)</i>
<i>Galium (Sweet Woodruff)</i>	<i>Sagina (Irish/Scotch Moss)</i>
<i>Geranium (Cranesbill)</i>	<i>Sisyrinchium (Blue-eyed Grass)</i>
<i>Glechoma (Ground Ivy)</i>	<i>Tradescantia (Spiderwort)</i>
<i>Hedera (English Ivy)</i>	<i>Veronica repens (Speedwell)</i>
<i>Hemerocallis (Daylily)</i>	<i>Vinca (Periwinkle)</i>
<i>Heuchera (Coral Bells)</i>	<i>Viola (Wild Violet)</i>
<i>Hosta (Plantain Lily)</i>	

## **Perennials That Tolerate Dry Shade**

*Dry shade areas are often the most difficult to plant. Plants suffer from lack of sunlight and available moisture is taken by neighboring trees and shrubs. To overcome such conditions, it is a good idea to add large amounts of organic mulch and begin a regular watering and feeding program, because such soils are also depleted in plant nutrients.*

<i>Alchemilla (Lady's Mantle)</i>	<i>Pachysandra (Japanese Spurge)</i>
<i>Brunnera (Summer Forget-Me-Not)</i>	<i>Pulmonaria (Lungwort)</i>
<i>Epimedium (Barrenwort)</i>	<i>Stachys (Lamb's Ear)</i>
<i>Geranium (Cranesbill)</i>	<i>Vinca (Periwinkle/Myrtle)</i>
<i>Lamium maculatum (Dead Nettle)</i>	

## **Perennials That Make Good Ground Covers**

*The following list includes perennials that make good ground covers. They have a wide range of hardiness and are relatively easy to maintain.*

<i>Achillea tomentosa (Woolly Yarrow)</i>	<i>Lamium macalatus (Dead Nettle)</i>
<i>Aegopodium var. (Snow-on-the-Mountain)</i>	<i>Lysimachia (Moneywort/Creeping Jenny)</i>
<i>Ajuga (Bugleweed)</i>	<i>Myosotis (Forget-Me-Nots)</i>
<i>Alchemilla (Lady's Mantle)</i>	<i>Nepeta Mussinii (Catmint)</i>
<i>Arabis (Rockcress)</i>	<i>Pachysandra (Japanese Spurge)</i>
<i>Arenaria (Sandwort)</i>	<i>Persicaria (Creeping Fleeceflower)</i>
<i>Artemisia (Silvermound)</i>	<i>Phlox subulata (Creeping Phlox)</i>
<i>Bergenia (Saxifraga)</i>	<i>Potentilla (Cinquefoil)</i>
<i>Cerastium (Snow-in-Summer)</i>	<i>Sedum (Stonecrop)</i>
<i>Convallaria (Lily-of-the-Valley)</i>	<i>Stachys (Lamb's Ear)</i>
<i>Dianthus deltoides (Maiden Pinks)</i>	<i>Thymus (Thyme)</i>
<i>Euonymus 'Colorata' (Wintercreeper)</i>	<i>Veronica (Speedwell)</i>
<i>Festuca (Blue Fescue)</i>	<i>Vinca minor (Periwinkle/Myrtle)</i>
<i>Iberis sempervirens (Candytuft)</i>	

